## Subject Curriculum Map

**Intent** – The RE curriculum aims to inspire students to become theologians and philosophers who can make critical and balanced judgements about questions of meaning and purpose through developing religious literacy in terms of vocabulary and conceptual understanding. Through a knowledge rich curriculum, pupils acquire an in depth understanding of the core vocabulary and theological beliefs of the Abrahamic religions and how these beliefs influence religious believers in their daily practice. Comparisons of these three faiths allows for frequent retrieval and for knowledge to be embedded before students explore how these faiths, along with secular views, respond to philosophical issues and how they make ethical decisions. This provides students with the theological, philosophical and ethical knowledge to apply their learning to contemporary issues within modern society in their GCSE study.

	Implementation					
Term	1	2	3		4	5
Year 7	1. Religion Locally and Nationally This short, introductory unit of work allows students to explore the current religious landscape of Britain and their local area. As a bridge between primary and secondary schools, they will review and build upon knowledge from KS2, and ensure that all students have the appropriate vocabulary of key faiths in Britain, including names of religious buildings and the role of the local parish church. Links to KS4 Christianity Practices- The place of Christianity in Britain and the role of secularisation	2. Judaism Students are introduced Abrahamic faith with an ow the Bible: Old Testament of Testament. They are then in into the rich stories of th Testament, starting with the Creation and the Fall. He encounter the theme of Orig reoccurring theme in RE an students study literature in English lessons. Students m patriarchs such as Noah, M Abraham and explore the Judaism and their cove relationship with God. Havin foundation of the origins of compare and contrast refe orthodox Judaism, before of Jewish the Temple, synago festivals. At the end of the students explore antisemitism dangers of prejudice discrimination throughout his a modern context	verview of and New mmersed be Old e story of ere they ginal Sin, a nd when n future heet key loses and eir role in enant ing a solid f Judaism orm and exploring ogue and module, n, learn the and tory and in	con Studen Studen they m they stu Chc ordir comp	3. Christ nit of work begins with the Nat nplex themes such as the imm its learn about the significance and resur- at focus shifts to looking Christic beet Constantine and Martin L udy the Reformation in Year 8 arismatic Christianity is practice hation and gender roles, which are and contrast the beliefs a denominations such as the Sal <b>Links to</b> ance of Jesus' life for Christian reflected in the	tivity story where students ex aculate conception and Tri e of Jesus' teachings, his cru rection. anity through a historical len- uther who they meet again History lessons. Year 7 explo- ed and debate Catholic fen h they revisit at KS4. Student nd practices of different Ch lvation Army and the Amish <b>b KS4</b> king at the events of Jesus' s today and how his teaching
Year 8	<b>4.</b> Students gain knowledge of core Isla Tawhid, the sin of shirk, the Muslim ha prophets. Here they draw parallels b and Quran, comparing the role of Ja the Four Rightly Guided Caliphs in Su and Shia similarities and difference	ly book (Quran) and examine etween key patriarchs in the B esus in Islam. Students are intro Inni Islam, leading onto compo	the role of bible, Torah oduced to aring Sunni	Exist? explore the De critico	<b>5. Philosophy</b> 8 students explore big theolog 2' and compare atheism and a e their own beliefs through a p esign Argument and Cosmolog al thinking and analytical skills, reaknesses of the arguments. H	ical questions such as 'Does agnosticism, allowing studer hilosophical lens. Students c gical Argument and develo considering some of the stre

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explore rinity. ucifixion ns when n when ore how male its will hristian n. ' life, the ings are	Assessment Point 2	Assessment feedback Students revisit knowledge to ensure mastery has been achieved by all students in units 2 and 3	
es God ents to analyse op their rength n Sina's		Assessment Feedback Students revisit knowledge	

	great depth, developing religious literacy simultaneously and then students study contentious issues such as Jihad and religious headdress for Muslim women. Links to KS4: Islam Beliefs and Practices- Looking at the events of Muhammad's life and the significance of the core beliefs of Muslims and how these beliefs are reflected in their practices.	contributions to the Cosmological Argument, an Islamic philoso who is often marginalised or omitted in Western discourse. Lat students evaluate the problem of evil and how religious believ respond to the argument, a topic they cover in greater depth at Finally, students assess religious experiences and explore some cri from a scientific perspective. This unit of work aims to develop evaluative skills of student, their ability to think logically, consid contrasting viewpoints and draw their own conclusions. Links to KS4		
			Links to Issue of Life and Death and Issue of arguments for God's existence, how of evil and how theists resp	<b>of Good and Evil-</b> Looking at God is challenged by the pro
Year 9	<ul> <li>6. Matters of Life and Death</li> <li>Having studied the Abrahamic religions throughout Y7 and Y8, students will explore real life issues from both a religious and philosophical perspective.</li> <li>They begin by exploring morality and decision making. Following by Thomas Aquinas' Natural Moral Law and its criticisms. Students are then ready to apply their previous learning to key religious and non-religious concepts such as the Sanctity and Quality of life which are paramount in understanding topics such as abortion, euthanasia, and capital punishment. Pupils are given the space to explore a variety of teachings and perspectives and take time to reflect on their standpoint.</li> <li>Links to KS4:</li> <li>Issue of Life and Death- Looking at the issue of abortion and euthanasia and how theist and atheist respond to these issues.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>7. Matters of Equality</li> <li>Within the Issues of Equality module, student learn why equality matters and the importance of diversity and tolerance. Topics include racism, gender equality, LGBTQ+ and disability. Students are encouraged to formulate their own opinions in a respectful way and develop empathy for others.</li> <li>Links to KS4:</li> <li>Issue of human rights- students will explore the issues of social justice and religious perspectives on human rights.</li> </ul>	8. GCSE Christianity B Students begin their GC studies beginning with Chri beliefs. They begin by lear about the nature of God the three parts of the Trin Then, students consider h different Christians interpre Creation Story. The birth crucifixion, resurrection of ascension of Jesus are examined. Finally, students eschatological beliefs and they very between differ Christians.

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Beliefs CSE hristian arning d and rinity. r how oret the irth, n and are ts study nd how erent to ensure mastery has been achieved by all students in units 4 and 5

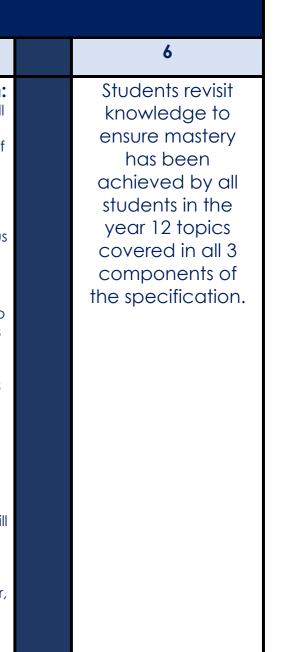
## Assessment feedback

Students revisit knowledge to ensure mastery has been achieved by all students in units 6 and 7

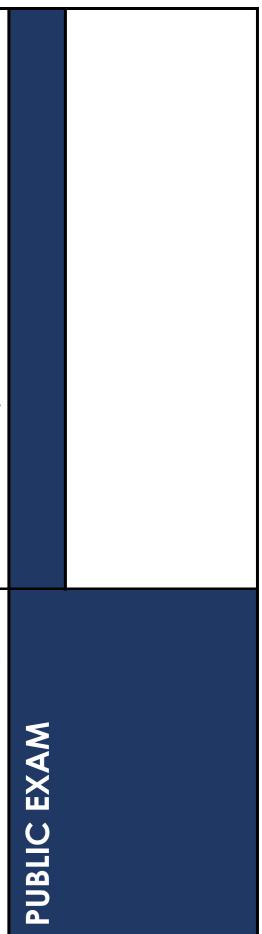
	KS4: Religious Education Exam Board: EDUQAS									
Term	erm 1 2			3 4		5		6		
Year 10	9. GCSE Christianity Practices: Christian practices are then examined through gaining knowledge of the different types of Christian worship, role of sacraments, the importance of pilgrimage and festivals and the role of the church in the local community. Students will then apply their knowledge of Christian practices to evaluate the importance of Christianity in the UK today.	10. GCSE. Islamic Beliefs Students will build upon their understanding of the core theological beliefs of Islam studied in year 8 by examining these beliefs in greater depth, focusing upon scriptural analysis. Students will gain knowledge of the historical roots of the Sunni and Shi'a split and how this affects belief and practice. Students will also gain knowledge of the nature of Allah, the role of prophethood, life of prophet Muhammad (pbuh), importance of angels, holy books, beliefs about life after death, different Muslim understandings of heaven and hell and free will. Students will revisit some of the philosophical issues studied in year 10, life after death, heaven and hell and freewill, and broaden their evaluations through considering Muslim responses.	Assessment Point 1	Furthe Islam i ho prev Stude Islam o Id-ul- bel dif Musin Th ex differe surro violen critica Muslin an	<b>GCSE. Islamic Practices</b> er building upon their study of n year 8, students will examine w the beliefs studied in the ious term influence practice. ents will examine the 5 Pillars of and festivals of Id-ul-Adha and Fitr; how they express Muslim iefs, how they are practised ferently by Sunni and Shi'a tims and the issues affecting ns' religious practice in the UK. e concept of Jihad will be amined in detail, exploring ent Muslim interpretations and valuating the moral issues bunding terrorism and acts of ce. This will enable students to illy assess the representation of ns in the mass media and gain informed understanding of amic beliefs and practices.	<b>12.GCSE Issues of</b> <b>relationships</b> Students will apply their knowledge of different Christian beliefs to the topics of the importance of family, marriage, cohabitation, adultery, divorce, purpose of sex, contraception, same sex relationships and the roles of men and women in worship and authority. Students will understand why different Christian groups have different responses to these issues due to their ethical approach studied in Year unit 6. Students will compare different Christian and secular views in order to make their own critical and balanced judgements on these issues.	Assessment Point 2	Assessment feedback Students revisit knowledge to ensure mastery has been achieved by all students in units 8-12		
Year 11	12. Issues of Good and Evil Students will apply their knowledge of different Christian beliefs, ethical and philosophical approaches to the topics of the aims of punishment, justice, how criminals should be treated in prison, focusing on the work of prisoner reformers and religious attitudes to the death penalty and forgiveness. Students will revisit the problem of evil studied in Year 8 and will examine in detail Christian attitudes to good, evil and suffering, and how Christians have responded to the problem of evil through the theodicies of Irenaeus and John	13. Issues of Human Rights Students will apply their knowledge of Christian theology, philosophy and ethics to the topics of human rights, social justice, the dignity of human life, censorship, freedom of religious expression, religious extremism, prejudice and discrimination, poverty and attitudes towards wealth. Students will focus upon the diversity of Christian belief and how this is influenced by the particular ethical approach of that denomination examined in Year 9. This unit will give students the opportunity to explore complex issues within contemporary society such as the Charlie Hebdo case and recent cases		Stude of d philo top views desigr in env know diffe th eu under	ents will apply their knowledge lifferent Christian beliefs and osophical perspectives to the ics of religious and scientific of the origin of the world, the gn argument and intelligent n, and how these perspectives afluence how we treat the vironment. Students will gain vledge of how Humanists and rent groups of Christians view the sanctity of life, abortion, othanasia and the afterlife. Students will apply their rstanding of philosophical and al vocabulary acquired in Year	Revision of Christian beliefs and practices. Revision of Islam beliefs and practices. Revision of religious, philosophical and ethical studies in the modern world.	Public Exams			

Ugh exploring case studies d to the above topics, hts will understand the exity of these issues and te their own critical and anced judgement. (anced judgement.) (b) the terrorism, enabling them to develop judgement. (c) the terrorism issues and through comparing different theological and secular responses will make critical and balanced judgements
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Term	1	2	3	4	5
Year 12	ar Philosophy of Religion:		Philosoph Religious Experience: St of religious experience traditions and explore and his classification of exp Influence of Religious Exp at how religious exp argument for the existe relative strengths a arguments with refere Richard Dawkins of Issue of environmental religious and secular per ethics, looking at is conservation, and clime how successful those with environ	Philosophy of Religion: Problem of Evil: Students will explore Epicurus and J.L Mackie's logical problem of evil, William Rowe's evidential problem of evil, and the different types of evil and how these problems challenge religious belief. Theodicies: Students will explore various responses to the problem of evil such as Augustine's theodicy, Irenaeus' theodicy, and process theodicy. Students will then evaluate how successful those solutions are to challenging the problem of evil.	
	and Ideal utilitarianism and t utilitarianism in aiding mor <b>Situation Ethics:</b> Students will exp the mid-20 <sup>th</sup> century- Joseph Flet how it applies the concept of modern iss <b>Natural Moral Law:</b> Students wi absolutism and legalism in ethics	al decision making. lore the 'new morality' of ocher's situation ethics and agape and relativism to sue. Il look at the concept of	secular perspectiv specifically at the issue will look at one signific equality in gender equ	erns will explore religious and es on equality and look of gender equality. Students ant figure in campaigns for ality and evaluate the issues hing equality.	Etnics War and Peace: Students will explore the contribution of Christianity to issues of war and peace. Students will explore the issues of just war, pacifism and nuclear war and how contemporary



	natural moral law applies primary precept and secondary precepts to modern issues. Islam Pre-Islamic Arabia: Students will explore what life was like in Arabia before the development of Islam and how Muhammad rejected these features. Life of Muhammad: Students will explore key events in Muhammad's early life, his marriage to Khadijah, the Night of Power, life in Makkah, the Hijrah and his Last Sermon, and the influence of these events on the life of Muslims. Hadith and Sunnah: Students will explore the compilation and authority of the hadiths and sunnah and the significance of them for Muslim living.	Islam: Qur'an : Students will explore the status of the Qur'an as the revealed word of Allah, its revelation and formation, with specific reference to Surah-Al- Fatiha 1 and Surah Al-Baqarah 2. Six Beliefs: Students will explore the key concepts and the differences of interpretation of the following beliefs: Allah as one, angels, holy books, prophets, Day of Judgement, and Predestination. Students will look at the interconnections of these concepts and refer to the differences between Sunni and Shi'a Islam.	conflicts are evaluated against these theories. Sexual Ethics- Students explore the contribution of Christianity and secular perspectives to issues of sexual ethics including relationships in and outside of marriage, adultery, pre- marital sex, same-sex relationships, contraception and childlessness Islam: 5 pillars: Students will explore the meaning and importance of the individual pillars (Shahada, Salah, Zakat, Sawm, and Hajj) and their unity as the basis of Islamic practice and identity today. Ummah: Students will explore the historical understanding of the ummah and its spread from the time of Muhammad to the present day.
Y13	Philosophy of Religion: Religious Language: Students will evaluate whether or not religious statements are meaningful or meaningless in reference to key ideas like analogies, signs, verification, falsification, bliks, and language games. Critique of Religion: Students will analyse various critiques of religious beliefs from the sociological critique or religion to the psychological explanation of religion. Students will explore key movements like militant atheism and postmodernist views on religions and evaluate the success of those movements. Ethics: Meta-ethics: Students will explore cognitive and noncognitive uses of language, realism and anti-realism, and whether or not there is truly something "moral" in the world.	Philosophy of Religion: Work of scholars: Students will explore the classic radio debate between Bertrand Russell and Fredrick Copleston. Students will look at the implication of their arguments in reference to the classic arguments for God's existence explored in year 12, and evaluate whose argument was the most successful. Religion and Science: Students will explore the relationship between religion and science and whether they are contradictory. Ethics: Kant's Deontology: Students will explore Kant's duty-based ethics, the categorical imperative in its different formulations and how successful it is as an ethical theory.	Philosophy of Religion: Life and Death: Students will look at various religious beliefs about life after death such as resurrection, reincarnation, replica theory. Students will explore the relationship between the body and soul (materialism and dualism) and how successful those arguments are. Ethics: Medical Ethics: Students will focus on issues related to beginning and end of life such as embryo research,



The relationship between religion and morality: Students will explore the different arguments for autonomous and theonomous ethics and challenges from atheists and anti- theist perspectives on religious morality.	<b>Aristotle Virtue Ethics:</b> Students will explore the historical and cultural influences on Virtual Ethics from its beginnings to modern developments of the theory and how successful it is as an ethical theory.	abortion, stem cell and cord blood, assisted dying, euthanasia and palliative care. Students will explore the success of secular and religious teachings applied
Islam: Sunni and Shi'a Split: Students will explore the origins and	Islam:	to these issues.
features of the differences between and development of Sunni and Shi'a Islam following the death of the Prophet Muhammad. Students will then explore areas of debate such as divine authority, the rightly guided caliphs, and the martyrdom of Hussain.	Jihad: Students will do a comparative study in the works of two scholars, Tariq Ramadan and Majid Khadduri, and how they interpret the purpose of lesser and greater jihad.	Islam: Religion and Society: Students will explore the challenges of multi-faith
<b>Sufism:</b> Students will explore the development and rise of Sufism as a movement within existing traditions, and how Sunni and Shi'a Muslims have responded to Sufi teachings and practices.	Islam and Science: Students will explore the development and challenges of science and philosophy in the Islamic Golden Age, and refer to the works of Abu Hamid al-Ghazali.	societies,, pluralism, gender, and secularism and how compatible Islam is with these issues.

**Impact:** To ensure that all students achieve mastery in specified knowledge, students are formatively assessed regularly at KS3 and teaching is adapted accordingly. Assessment data is used to judge the success of the curriculum and progress towards mastery, with teaching time allocated to the re-teaching of specific knowledge. Knowledge of sources of authority is assessed through weekly tests at Year 11. The impact of the curriculum upon students becoming theologians and philosophers who can make critical and balanced judgements is assessed through students' exam performance, participation in debates, whether they watch current affair programmes, read publications that relate to issues of meaning and purpose and whether students choose to do related subjects at A level and university.

